

O/0668/26

TRADE MARKS ACT 1994

IN THE MATTER OF TRADE MARK REGISTRATION UK00003005814

IN THE NAME OF JAMES HERRIOT CO. LIMITED

AND

APPLICATION CA508638 BY WORLD OF JAMES HERRIOT LTD

TO REVOKE THE AFORESAID REGISTRATION

Background and Pleadings

1. Trade Mark UK00003005814 ('the Contested Mark') stands registered in the name of James Herriot Co. Limited, the Registered Proprietor ('the RP'). Details of the Contested Mark are as follows:

Series of two marks:

(i) Herriot

(ii) Herriots

Filing date: 14 May 2013

Date of entry in register: 11 October 2013

The Contested Mark stands registered in respect of goods and services in classes 3, 4, 5, 18, 24, 25, 29, 30, 31, 33, 35, 43 and 44. The full specification is set out at **Annex 1** to this decision.

2. On 19 March 2025, World of James Herriot Ltd, the Cancellation Applicant ('the CA'), applied to revoke the Contested Mark pursuant to section 46(1)(a) of the Trade Marks Act 1994 ('the Act'). I note that the revocation action was instituted without notice.¹ Revocation is sought for the registered specification in its entirety.
3. The CA alleges that the RP has not used the Contested Mark within the period of five years following the date of completion of the registration process, i.e. 12 October 2013 - 11 October 2018 ('the Relevant Period'). The earliest possible date from which the Contested Mark may be revoked is the day following the end of the aforesaid five-year period, i.e. 12 October 2018.
4. The RP filed a Defence and Counterstatement in which it indicated that it intended to defend the revocation action in full. In particular, it claims that the Contested Mark was put to genuine use from the time of registration until 2019 for the following:²

¹ No Revocation notification date was provided at point 6 of the Form TM26(N) Application to revoke a registration or a protected trade mark for reasons of non-use.

² RP's Counterstatement, [1].

bottled spring water; dog biscuits and pet treats; embroidered items (cotton hats, scarves and pet blankets); and licensed café bar services.

5. The RP has also stated that, during the Relevant Period, 'wider licensing activity was limited' due to exceptional circumstances, namely, that the RP's 'husband and business partner suffered two strokes and underwent triple heart bypass surgery during the period 2013-2019'.³ Furthermore, the RP has claimed that there were proper reasons for non-use of the Contested Mark from 2019 onwards.⁴ The matter of proper reasons for non-use will be addressed later at [28] – [29].
6. Neither party has professional legal representation. Only the RP filed evidence. The CA filed written submissions in reply. A hearing was neither requested nor considered necessary, and neither party filed written submissions in lieu thereof. I confirm that I have read all of the evidence, to which I will refer to the extent necessary.

EVIDENCE AND SUBMISSIONS

7. The RP's evidence is by way of the Witness Statement of Ann Kiely, dated 30 June 2025, accompanied by exhibits 1 – 10. Ms Kiely has stated that she is the registered proprietor of the Contested Mark.⁵ Strictly speaking, this is incorrect; because the registered proprietor is the company, James Herriot Co. Limited. However, I note that Ms Kiely is recorded as a Director of the RP on Companies House.
8. The CA's written submissions, dated 12 January 2026, were filed by Ian Ashton, Managing Director of the CA.
9. The following decision is written after careful consideration of all papers filed.

³ RP's Counterstatement, [1], fourth un-numbered paragraph.

⁴ As above, [2].

⁵ Witness Statement of A. Kiely, [1].

RELEVANCE OF EU LAW

10. The provisions of the Act relied upon in these proceedings are assimilated law, as they are derived from EU law. Although the UK has left the EU, section 6(3)(a) of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (as amended by Schedule 2 of the Retained EU Law (Revocation and Reform) Act 2023) requires tribunals applying assimilated law to follow assimilated EU case law. That is why this decision refers to decisions of the EU courts which predate the UK's withdrawal from the EU.

THE RELEVANT LEGISLATION

11. Section 46 of the Act states:

'46. - (1) The registration of a trade mark may be revoked on any of the following grounds-

(a) that within the period of five years following the date of completion of the registration procedure it has not been put to genuine use in the United Kingdom, by the proprietor or with his consent, in relation to the goods or services for which it is registered, and there are no proper reasons for non-use;

(b) that such use has been suspended for an uninterrupted period of five years, and there are no proper reasons for non-use;

(c) [...]

(d) [...]

(2) For the purpose of subsection (1) use of a trade mark includes use in a form (the "variant form") differing in elements which do not alter the distinctive character of the mark in the form in which it was registered (regardless of whether or not the trade mark in the variant form is also registered in the name of the proprietor), and use in the United Kingdom includes affixing the trade

mark to goods or to the packaging of goods in the United Kingdom solely for export purposes.

(3) The registration of a trade mark shall not be revoked on the ground mentioned in subsection (1)(a) or (b) if such use as in referred to in that paragraph is commenced or resumed after the expiry of the five year period and before the application for revocation is made:

Provided that, any such commencement or resumption of use after the expiry of the five year period but within the period of three months before the making of the application shall be disregarded unless preparations for the commencement or resumption began before the proprietor became aware that the application might be made.

(4) [...]

(5) Where grounds for revocation exist in respect of only some of the goods or services for which the trade mark is registered, revocation shall relate to those goods or services only.

(6) Where the registration of a trade mark is revoked to any extent, the rights of the proprietor shall be deemed to have ceased to that extent as from-

(a) the date of the application for revocation, or

(b) if the registrar or court is satisfied that the grounds for revocation existed at an earlier date, that date.'

[My underlining added]

12. Section 100 of the Act provides that:

‘If in any civil proceedings under this Act a question arises as to the use to which a registered trade mark has been put, it is for the proprietor to show what use has been made of it.’

THE RELEVANT CASE LAW

13. In *easyGroup Ltd v Nuclei Ltd & Ors* [2023] EWCA Civ 1247, Arnold LJ summarised the law relating to genuine use as follows:

‘105. The principles applicable to determining whether there has been genuine use of a trade mark have been considered by the Court of Justice of the European Union (‘CJEU’) in a considerable number of cases, the principal decisions being Case C-40/01 *Ansul BV v Ajax Brandbeveiliging BV* [2003] ECR I-2439, Case C-259/02 *La Mer Technology Inc v Laboratories Goemar SA* [2004] ECR I-1159, Case C-416/04 *P Sunrider Corp v Office for Harmonisation in the Internal Market (Trade Marks and Designs)* [2006] ECR I-4237, Case C-442/07 *Verein Radetsky-Order v Bundersvereinigung Kamaradschaft ‘Feldmarschall Radetsky’* [2008] ECR I-9223, Case C-495/07 *Silberquelle GmbH v Maselli-Strickmode GmbH* [2009] ECR I-2759, Case C-149/11 *Leno Merken BV v Hagelkruis Beheer BV* [EU:C:2012:816], Case C-609/11 *Centrotherm Systemtechnik GmbH v Centrotherm Clean Solutions GmbH & Co KG* [EU:C:2013:592], Case C-141/13 *P Reber Holding & Co KG v Office for Harmonisation in the Internal Market (Trade Marks and Designs)* [EU:C:2014:2089], Case C-689/15 *W.F. Gözze Frottierweberei GmbH v Verein Bremer Baumwollbörse* [EU:C:2017:434] and Joined Cases C-720/18 and C-721/18 *Ferrari SpA v DU* [EU:C:2020:854].

106. Ignoring issues which do not arise in the present case, such as use in relation to spare parts or second-hand goods and use in relation to a sub-category of goods or services, the principles may be summarised as follows:

(1) Genuine use means actual use of the trade mark by the proprietor or by a third party with authority to use the mark: *Ansul* at [35] and [37].

(2) The use must be more than merely token, that is to say, serving solely to preserve the rights conferred by the registration of the mark: *Ansul* at [36]; *Sunrider* at [70]; *Verein* at [13]; *Centrotherm* at [71]; *Leno* at [29]; *Ferrari* at [32].

(3) The use must be consistent with the essential function of a trade mark, which is to guarantee the identity of the origin of the goods or services to the consumer or end user by enabling him to distinguish the goods or services from others which have another origin: *Ansul* at [36]; *Sunrider* at [70]; *Verein* at [13]; *Silberquelle* at [17]; *Centrotherm* at [71]; *Leno* at [29]; *Gözze* at [37], [40]; *Ferrari* at [32].

(4) Use of the mark must relate to goods or services which are already marketed or which are about to be marketed and for which preparations to secure customers are under way, particularly in the form of advertising campaigns: *Ansul* at [37]. Internal use by the proprietor does not suffice: *Ansul* at [37]; *Verein* at [14]. Nor does the distribution of promotional items as a reward for the purchase of other goods and to encourage the sale of the latter: *Silberquelle* at [20]-[21]. But use by a non-profit making association can constitute genuine use: *Verein* at [16]-[23].

(5) The use must be by way of real commercial exploitation of the mark on the market for the relevant goods or services, that is to say, use in accordance with the commercial *raison d'être* of the mark, which is to create or preserve an outlet for the goods or services that bear the mark: *Ansul* at [37]-[38]; *Verein* at [14]; *Silberquelle* at [18]; *Centrotherm* at [71].

(6) All the relevant facts and circumstances must be taken into account in determining whether there is real commercial exploitation of the mark, including: (a) whether such use is viewed as warranted in the economic sector concerned to maintain or create a share in the market for the goods and services in question; (b) the nature of the goods or services; (c) the characteristics of the market concerned; (d) the scale and frequency of use of the mark; (e) whether the mark is used for the purpose of marketing all the

goods and services covered by the mark or just some of them; (f) the evidence that the proprietor is able to provide; and (g) the territorial extent of the use: *Ansul* at [38] and [39]; *La Mer* at [22]-[23]; *Sunrider* at [70]-[71], [76]; *Centrotherm* at [72]-[76]; *Reber* at [29], [32]-[34]; *Leno* at [29]-[30], [56]; *Ferrari* at [33].

(7) Use of the mark need not always be quantitatively significant for it to be deemed genuine. Even minimal use may qualify as genuine use if it is deemed to be justified in the economic sector concerned for the purpose of creating or preserving market share for the relevant goods or services. For example, use of the mark by a single client which imports the relevant goods can be sufficient to demonstrate that such use is genuine, if it appears that the import operation has a genuine commercial justification for the proprietor. Thus there is no *de minimis* rule: *Ansul* at [39]; *La Mer* at [21], [24] and [25]; *Sunrider* at [72]; *Leno* at [55].

(8) It is not the case that every proven commercial use of the mark may automatically be deemed to constitute genuine use: *Reber* at [32].’

14. Proven use of a mark which fails to establish that ‘the commercial exploitation of the mark is real’ because the use would not be ‘viewed as warranted in the economic sector concerned to maintain or create a share in the market for the goods or services protected by the mark’ is, therefore, not genuine use.

The RP’s evidence of use

15. Ms Kiely is the founder and former operator of a family-run business based in the Yorkshire Dales and states that the Contested Mark has been used in the course of trade as part of the business offering, which has included a café, car park, souvenir shop and licensed bar.⁶ The section of Ms Kiely’s narrative which

⁶ Witness Statement of A. Kiely, [2].

addresses the particular goods/services for which the Contested Mark is claimed to have been used is short. It is, therefore, appropriate to reproduce it here:⁷

'Use of the Trade Mark

[3]. Between 2013 and 2019, we sold various products and services using the **HERRIOT** trademark, including:

- Bottled spring water labelled with the *HERRIOT* name, sold as Yorkshire souvenirs;
- Dog biscuits and pet treats bagged and branded *HERRIOT*, sold to tourists;
- Embroidered items⁸ (cotton hats, scarves, and pet blankets) sold as gifts and souvenirs;
- A licensed bar within our premises named **Herriot's Bar**, used for events and functions.

[4]. These activities took place across our tourist-facing businesses: **The Falls Café and Shop**, **Falls Country Club**, and our licensed café bar. Our aim was to develop the *HERRIOT* name into a regional brand that could be expanded through licensing agreements.

[5]. We also sold *HERRIOT*-branded spring water through the **World of James Herriot centre in Thirsk** (the applicant) for a period, demonstrating use of the mark beyond our own premises. Photograph at **Exhibit 9**.'

[Original emphasis].

16. Of further note is the following from Ms Kiely's narrative:⁹

'I understand that some records may suggest that the business was dormant or not trading separately under the *HERRIOT* name. This is because the

⁷ As above, [3] – [5].

⁸ I note that the description of these items in the RP's counterstatement is: 'Embroidered items, with HERRIOT [...]'.

⁹ Witness Statement of A. Kiely, [17].

trademarked products and services were sold as part of our wider tourist business, and revenues were incorporated within general accounts. The absence of standalone accounts does not mean that the mark was not used’.

Whilst I note Ms Kiely’s comments, above, I have no evidence before me in relation to these general accounts, or the products and services referred to.

17. Exhibit 9 comprises an undated photograph of a bottle of spring water. The label reads ‘A Souvenir from The World of James Herriot’:



18. The RP’s documentary evidence intended to demonstrate use of the Contested mark is very scant; comprising screenshots of a list of electronic documents saved to a computer,¹⁰ and a single undated marketing brochure.¹¹

(a) The list of electronic documents

¹⁰ Exhibits 1-7.

¹¹ Exhibit 8.

The material exhibited at exhibit 1-7 has been described as 'screenshots of dated files from our business computer systems showing: early marketing and licensing plans under the *HERRIOT* name; proposed licensing frameworks across several classes; promotional materials and designs'.¹² What is actually shown is a list of electronic documents whose filenames include the words 'James Herriot' or 'Herriot'.¹³ Whilst I have no reason to doubt the integrity of Ms Kiely's narrative, a mere list of documents is of little probative value. The filenames of the documents (e.g. 'Herriot wording'; 'Herriot Details', 'Amendments to Herriot' etc) do not identify which of the documents relate to the proposed licensing frameworks etc referred to by Ms Kiely. Further, I note that some of the documents refer to 2013, whilst others show the 'date modifie' as being between 16 August 2016 and 11 October 2022.

(b) The marketing brochure

Ms Kiely has stated that the marketing brochure was 'produced and circulated to businesses interested in entering into a licence agreement to use the *HERRIOT* trademark'.¹⁴ I am unable to determine when the document was produced, although the reference to the formation in 2014 of 'James Herriot Company Ltd as a vehicle to drive forward the Herriot brand' indicates that it was not produced before 2014. I note that the exhibit shows the mark in use; however, no detail is provided on, inter alia: whether the brochure was published and, if so, where; the extent to which it was circulated; and what, if any, licensing agreements came to fruition because of it. I note the following from the first page of the brochure:

¹² Witness Statement of A. Kiely, [6].

¹³ Exhibits 1-7.

¹⁴ Witness Statement of A. Kiely, [7].

‘ Herriot ’

All things Great about Yorkshire.

Exclusive Investment Opportunity

The James Herriot Company Ltd are presenting an exclusive opportunity to promote, through license, premium regional and local produce under the brand

Herriot and Herriots

The penultimate paragraph of text is reproduced here:

Exclusive Investment Opportunity

We are offering the incredible opportunity to add both value and selling power to premium products using the Herriot name. This name is established, internationally recognised and represents idyllic qualities desired by a vast and expanding market. The Herriot name is rich in heritage perfect for premium brand products. It represents 'all things great about Yorkshire'. An educated Veterinarian, Yorkshire man and accomplished world renowned author; James Herriots legacy is based on romantic and traditional countryside life, and all the exciting tales of adventures to be had across 'Gods Own Country'. The name is trusted and has enthralled generations of people around the world. The beauty of 'Herriot' is its scale of association. Representing such a grand array of marketable products the name can be applied to an extensive range of goods and services.

Sufficient Use

19. For use to be genuine, it must have been real commercial exploitation of the mark, in the course of trade, sufficient to create or maintain a market for the services at issue.

20. In making my assessment, I am required to consider all relevant factors, including (i) the scale and frequency of the use shown; (ii) the nature of the use shown; (iii) the services for which use has been shown; (iv) the nature of those services, and the market(s) for them; and (v) the geographical extent of the use shown. I also bear in mind the comments of the General Court (GC) in *New Yorker SHK Jeans GmbH KG v Office for Harmonisation in the Internal Market (Trade Marks and Designs) (OHIM)*, Case T-415/09:

‘53. In order to examine whether use of an earlier mark is genuine, an overall assessment must be carried out which takes account of all the relevant factors in the particular case. Genuine use of a trade mark, it is true, cannot be proved by means of probabilities or suppositions, but has to be demonstrated by solid and objective evidence of effective and sufficient use of the trade mark on the market concerned (*COLORIS*, paragraph 24). However, it cannot be ruled out that an accumulation of items of evidence may allow the necessary facts to be established, even though each of those items of evidence, taken individually, would be insufficient to constitute proof of the accuracy of those facts (see, to that effect, judgment of the Court of Justice of 17 April 2008 in Case C-108/07, *Ferrero Deutschland v OHIM*, not published in the ECR, paragraph 36).’

Assessment of the RP’s evidence

21. Before I comment further on the RP’s evidence, I note the case of *Awareness Limited v Plymouth City Council*¹⁵ in which Mr Daniel Alexander Q.C. (as he then was), sitting as the Appointed Person, stated:¹⁶

‘[22]. The burden lies on the registered proprietor to prove use [...]. However, it is not strictly necessary to exhibit any particular kind of documentation, but if it is likely that such material would exist and little or none is provided, a tribunal will be justified in rejecting the evidence as insufficiently solid. That is all the more so since the nature and extent of use is likely to be particularly well known

¹⁵ Case BL O/236/13.

¹⁶ As above, at [22].

to the proprietor itself. A tribunal is entitled to be sceptical of a case of use if, notwithstanding the ease with which it could have been convincingly demonstrated, the material actually provided is inconclusive. By the time the tribunal (which in many cases will be the Hearing Officer in the first instance) comes to take its final decision, the evidence must be sufficiently solid and specific to enable the evaluation of the scope of protection to which the proprietor is legitimately entitled to be properly and fairly undertaken, having regard to the interests of the proprietor, the opponent and, it should be said, the public.'

22. I also bear in mind the case of *Dosenbach-Ochsner Ag Schuhe Und Sport v Continental Shelf 128 Ltd*,¹⁷ in which Mr Geoffrey Hobbs Q.C. (as he then was), sitting as the Appointed Person, said the following:¹⁸

'When it comes to proof of use for the purpose of determining the extent (if any) to which the protection conferred by registration of a trade mark can legitimately be maintained, the decision taker must form a view as to what the evidence does and just as importantly what it does not 'show' (per Section 100 of the Act) with regard to the actuality of use in relation to goods or services covered by the registration. The evidence in question can properly be assessed for sufficiency (or the lack of it) by reference to the specificity (or lack of it) with which it addresses the actuality of use'.

23. The body of evidence provided by the RP is extremely thin. Whilst I have no reason to question the *integrity* of Ms Kiely's evidence, I find that the paucity of evidential material in this case does not succeed in demonstrating that the Contested Mark has been put to genuine use within the Relevant Period. My reasoning for this is set out below.

24. Whilst I have no reason to doubt Ms Kiely's narrative that bottled spring water bearing the *HERRIOT* name has been sold at some point, no further detail has

¹⁷ Case BL O/404/13.

¹⁸ As above, at [22].

been provided as to, inter alia, the volume and frequency of sales or the revenue generated by any sales. In the absence of any supplementary material by way of invoices and sale figures, for example, showing concrete and dated examples of sales of bottles water, it is impossible for me to assess the scale of the use of the Contested Mark on these goods. I note that Ms Kiely has touched on the matter of revenue in very general terms and stated that sales revenue from ‘trademarked products/services’ were incorporated within general accounts.¹⁹ Whilst this is noted, given that no details of *any* accounts (whether general or particularised ‘by goods/services sold’) have been provided, this statement is uninformative.

25. I have borne in mind that there can be circumstances where the provision of sales figures or invoices is not necessary for establishing genuine use of a mark;²⁰ for example, where the relevant market is small and specialised and concerns high-end and/or niche goods made-to-order. However, where this sort of evidence is *not* provided, it is incumbent on the proprietor to provide *other* evidential material to demonstrate what real commercial effort there has been in respect of the Contested Mark. Although a marketing brochure has been provided, it appears to be an invitation, couched in rather general terms, for businesses to use the Herriot name on their products. There is no mention of the specific goods/services for which the RP anticipated licensing its mark.

26. Where the RP *has* specified particular goods (i.e. spring water; dog biscuits/pet treats; embroidered items) and services (a licensed bar named Herriot’s Bar), no further material has been provided to show concrete instances of trade mark use for these offerings. The RP’s case might have been strengthened if evidence had been provided to show, for example: visitor numbers to the RP’s tourist offering, including footfall to Herriot’s Bar; annual sales figures particularised by goods sold; invoices/documents to show a selection of the sales made; or material to show promotional and marketing efforts.

¹⁹ Witness Statement of A. Kiely, [17].

²⁰ *Polfarmex S.A. v EUIPO*, Case T-677/19, EU:T:2020:424

27. My view is that the totality of evidence filed is insufficient to give even an approximate picture of, inter alia, the scale, frequency or geographical extent of use of the Contested Mark. I find that the evidence has failed to substantiate genuine use of the Contested Mark in respect of any of the goods or services for which it stands registered.

A note of the matter of 'proper reasons for non-use'

28. The RP has raised the matter of proper reasons for non-use. This can be addressed swiftly. The revocation action is based purely on section 46(1)(a) of the Act, i.e. the five-year period commencing the day after the registration of the Contested Mark was completed. In order to rely on 'proper reasons for non-use' in this case, such non-use would need to relate to the Relevant Period of non-use claimed by the CA, and not a later period of time.

29. I further note that the RP has indicated that health matters hindered the RP in pursuing licensing opportunities etc during the Relevant Period. It is appropriate to clarify that 'proper reasons for non-use' can only apply to a period of non-use; they do not come into play where some use has been claimed.

Outcome of revocation action

30. The revocation action has succeeded in full. Subject to any appeal, the Contested Mark will be revoked in its entirety from the earliest possible revocation date, i.e. 12 October 2018.

COSTS

31. The CA is the successful party and is entitled to a contribution to its costs. I note that the CA has filed a Tribunal Cost Pro Forma in which it claims the following sums, which I consider to be reasonable:²¹

²¹ CPR 46.5 sets out the rate of remuneration for litigants-in-person at £19 per hour for work carried out before 1 October 2025 (thereafter, the increased rate of £24 per hour applies).

Official filing fee for Form TM26(N) ²²	£200
Preparation of revocation application: 2.5 hours x £19	£47.50
Considering forms filed by the other party: 2 hours x £19	£38
Consideration and commenting on the other side's evidence: 7 hours x £19	£133
Preparing for a hearing (i.e. the interim hearing of 11 November 2025 on the matter of the RP's late-filed defence) 1 hour x £19	£19
Total:	£437.50

32. I therefore order **JAMES HERRIOT CO. LIMITED** to pay to **WORLD OF JAMES HERRIOT LTD** the sum of £437.50. This sum is to be paid within twenty-one days of the expiry of the appeal period or within twenty-one days of the final determination of this case if any appeal against this decision is unsuccessful.

Dated this 28th day of July 2026

N. R. Morris

**For the Registrar,
the Comptroller-General**

²² Application to revoke a registration or a protected international trade mark (UK) for reasons of non-use.

Annex 1 – The Contested Mark stands registered in respect of the following:

Class 3:

Bleaching preparations and other substances for laundry use; Cleaning, polishing, scouring and abrasive preparations; Soaps; Perfumery, essential oils, cosmetics, hair lotions; Dentifrices ; Abrasive paper; Abrasives; Adhesives for affixing false eyelashes; Adhesives for affixing false hair; Adhesives for cosmetic purposes; After-shave lotions; Air fragrancing preparations; Almond Aloe vera preparations for cosmetic purposes; Antiperspirant soap; Antiperspirants [toiletries]; Antistatic preparations for household purposes; Aromatics [essential oils]; Astringents for cosmetic purposes; Balms other than for medical purposes; Bases for flower perfumes; Bath salts, not for medical purposes; Beard dyes; Beauty masks; Bergamot oil; Bleaching preparations [decolorants] for cosmetic purposes; Bleaching salts; Bleaching soda; Breath freshening sprays; Breath freshening strips; Cake flavourings [essential oils]; Cakes of soap; Canned pressurized air for cleaning and dusting purposes; Carbides of metal [abrasives]; Cleaning chalk; Cleaning preparations; Cleansing milk for toilet purposes; Cloths impregnated with a detergent for cleaning; Cobblers' wax; Color-brightening chemicals for household purposes [laundry]; Color-removing preparations; Colorants for toilet purposes; Corundum [abrasive]; Cosmetic creams; Cosmetic dyes; Cosmetic kits; Cosmetic pencils; Cosmetic preparations for baths; Cosmetic preparations for eyelashes; Cosmetic preparations for skin care; Cosmetic preparations for slimming purposes; Cosmetics; Cosmetics for animals; Cotton sticks for cosmetic purposes; Cotton wool for cosmetic purposes; Decorative transfers for cosmetic purposes; Degreasers other than for use in manufacturing processes; Dental bleaching gels; Dentifrices; Denture polishes; Deodorant soap; Deodorants for human beings or for animals; Deodorants for pets; Depilatories; Depilatory wax; Detergents other than for use in manufacturing operations and for medical purposes; Disinfectant soap; Douching preparations for personal sanitary or deodorant purposes [toiletries]; Dry-cleaning preparations; Dry shampoos; Drying agents for dishwashing machines; Eau de Cologne; Emery; Emery cloth; Emery paper; Eyebrow cosmetics; Eyebrow pencils; Fabric softeners for laundry use; False eyelashes; False nails; Flavorings for beverages [essential oils]; Floor wax; Floor wax removers [scouring preparations]; Fumigation preparations [perfumes]; Furbishing preparations; Glass cloth; Greases

for cosmetic purposes; Grinding preparations; Hair dyes; Hair lotions; Hair spray; Hair waving preparations; Henna [cosmetic dye]; Hydrogen peroxide for cosmetic purposes; Incense; Ionone [perfumery]; Joss sticks; Lacquer-removing preparations; Laundry bleach; Laundry blueing; Laundry glaze; Laundry preparations; Laundry soaking preparations; Laundry starch; Laundry wax; Leather bleaching preparations; Leather preservatives [polishes]; Lip glosses; Lipsticks; Lotions for cosmetic purposes; Make-up; Make-up powder; Make-up preparations; Make-up removing preparations; Mascara; Massage gels other than for medical purposes; Medicated soap; Mint essence [essential oil]; Mint for perfumery; Mouth washes, not for medical purposes; Musk [perfumery]; Mustache wax; Nail art stickers; Nail care preparations; Nail polish; Neutralizers for permanent waving; Non-slipping liquids for floors; Non-slipping wax for floors; Oils for cleaning purposes; Oils for cosmetic purposes; Oils for perfumes and scents; Oils for toilet purposes; Paint stripping preparations; Perfumery; Perfumes; Petroleum jelly for cosmetic purposes; Polish for furniture and flooring; Polishing creams; Polishing paper; Polishing preparations; Polishing wax; Potpourris [fragrances]; Preparations for cleaning dentures; Preparations for unblocking drain pipes; Pumice stone; Rust removing preparations; Sandpaper; Scale removing preparations for household purposes; Scouring solutions; Shampoos; Shampoos for pets; Shaving preparations; Shaving soap; Shaving stones [astringents]; Shining preparations [polish]; Shoe cream; Shoe polish; Shoe wax; Shoemakers' wax; Skin whitening creams; Smoothing preparations [starching]; Smoothing stones; Soap; Soap for brightening textile; Soap for foot perspiration; Soda lye; Stain removers; Starch glaze for laundry purposes; Sun-tanning preparations [cosmetics]; Sunscreen preparations; Tailors' wax; Talcum powder, for toilet use; Terpenes [essential oils]; Tissues impregnated with cosmetic lotions; Toilet water; Toiletries; Tripoli stone for polishing; Turpentine, for degreasing; Varnish-removing preparations; Volcanic ash for cleaning; Wallpaper cleaning preparations; Washing soda, for cleaning; Waxes for leather; Whiting; Windscreen cleaning liquids; blusher; eye make-up; body powder; concealers for skin; face and body beauty creams; face powder; make-up for the face and body; lipstick; lip balm; lip gloss; lip liner; foundation make-up; body sprays; scented linen sprays; incense sticks; fragrances and lotions for personal use; oils for toiletry purposes; bath beads; potpourris; perfuming sachets; scented

body lotions and creams; scented body spray; scented ceramic stones; scented fabric refresher spray; scented oils used to produce aromas when heated; aromatherapy oils; baby oil; bath oil; body oil; cosmetic oils; essential oils; perfume oils; tanning oils; Cologne; after-shave; after-shave balms; after-shave creams; after-shave emulsions; after-shave gel; after-sun lotions; aromatherapy lotions; bath lotion; bathing lotions; body lotion; cosmetic suntan lotions; face and body lotions; hair waving lotion; hand lotions; non-medicated skin care preparations, namely, creams, lotions, gels, toners, cleaners and peels; styling lotions; beauty creams; body cream; exfoliant creams; face and body creams; pre-shave creams; shaving balm; shaving cream; shaving gel; shaving preparations; skin cream; bath soaps; deodorant soap; bath gel; hair gel; hair styling spray; shower and bath gel; beauty lotions; eau de parfum; perfume; eau de toilette; deodorants for body care; deodorants for personal use; preparations for the hair and for the care of the skin (non-medicated); toiletries for babies and infants (non-medicated); non-medicated creams for the prevention and treatment of nappy rash; petroleum jelly (for cosmetic purposes); pre-impregnated wipes and towels with personal cleansing and/or cosmetic lotions; pre-impregnated wipes and towels for the treatment and prevention of nappy rash; pre-impregnated wipes and towels for hygienic purposes (personal use); hygienic wipes and towels for cleaning purposes (household use); skin creams; skin balms; body lotions; body oils; body butters; baby lotion; nipple creams and balms; lotions, creams and gels for treatment of stretch marks; moisturising gels; bar soaps; liquid soaps; shampoo; hair conditioner; all in one bath and hair cleansers; bath and shower gels and foams; talcum powder; liquid talc; baby massage oil; sunscreen; sun protection oils, lotions, creams and gels; after-sun oils, lotions, creams and gels; toothpaste; mouthwash; cosmetic products; lip balms; cotton sticks; cotton wool; medicated soaps; medicated shampoo; medicated hair conditioner; baby wipes; parts and fittings for the aforesaid goods.

Class 4:

Industrial oils and greases; Lubricants; Dust absorbing, wetting and binding compositions; Fuels (including motor spirit) and illuminants; Candles and wicks for lighting; Additives, non-chemical, to motor fuel; Alcohol [fuel]; Beeswax; Belting wax; Benzene; Benzol; Blocks of peat [fuel]; Bone Carburants; Castor oil for technical purposes; Ceresine; Charcoal [fuel]; Christmas tree candles; Coal; Coal briquettes;

Coal dust [fuel]; Coke; Combustible briquettes; Cutting fluids; Dust removing preparations; Electrical energy; Ethanol [fuel]; Firelighters; Firewood; Fish oil, not edible; Fuel; Fuel gas; Fuel oil; Fuel with an alcoholic base; Gas for lighting; Gas oil; Gasoline; Grease for belts; Grease for boots; Grease for leather; Illuminating grease; Illuminating wax; Industrial grease; Industrial oil; Industrial wax; Kerosene; Lamp wicks; Lanolin; Lighting fuel; Lubricants; Lubricating grease; Lubricating oil; Methylated spirit; Motor oil; Nightlights [candles]; Oil for the preservation of leather; Oil-gas; Oils for paints; Paraffin; Perfumed candles; Petrol; Petroleum ether; Petroleum jelly for industrial purposes; Petroleum, raw or refined; Preservatives for leather [oils and greases]; Producer gas; Rape oil for industrial purposes; Tallow; Tapers; Textile oil; Wicks for candles; Wood briquettes; Xylene; Xylol; motor oils; fuels; firelighters candles; wicks; charcoal, coke, coal, wood for burning, briquettes; parts and fittings for all the aforesaid goods.

Class 5:

Pharmaceutical and veterinary preparations; Sanitary preparations for medical purposes; Dietetic food and substances adapted for medical or veterinary use, food for babies; Dietary supplements for humans and animals; Plasters, materials for dressings; Material for stopping teeth, dental wax; Disinfectants; Preparations for destroying vermin; Fungicides, herbicides ; Absorbent cotton; Acetates for pharmaceutical purposes; Acids for pharmaceutical purposes; Aconitine; Adhesive bands for medical purposes; Adhesive plasters; Adhesives for dentures; Adjuvants for medical purposes; Air deodorising preparations; Air purifying preparations; Albumin dietary supplements; Alcohol for pharmaceutical purposes; Alloys of precious metals for dental purposes; Aloe vera preparations for pharmaceutical purposes; Aluminium acetate for pharmaceutical purposes; Amino acids for medical purposes; Amino acids for veterinary purposes; Anaesthetics; Analgesics; Animal washes; Anti-rheumatism bracelets; Anti-rheumatism rings; Antibiotics; Antioxidant pills; Antiseptic cotton; Antiseptics; Appetite suppressant pills; Appetite suppressants for medical purposes; Articles for headache; Aseptic cotton; Asthmatic tea; Bacterial preparations for medical and veterinary use; Bandages for dressings; Bath preparations, medicated; Bath salts for medical purposes; Bracelets for medical purposes; Breast-nursing pads; Chemical contraceptives; Chemical preparations for medical purposes; Chemical preparations for pharmaceutical

purposes; Chemical preparations for the diagnosis of pregnancy; Chemical preparations for veterinary purposes; Compresses; Cooling sprays for medical purposes; Dental cements; Deodorants for clothing and textiles; Detergents for medical purposes; Dietary supplements for animals; Dietetic beverages adapted for medical purposes; Dietetic foods adapted for medical purposes; Dietetic substances adapted for medical use; Dietary supplements; Dog lotions; Dog washes; Douching preparations for medical purposes; Drugs for medical purposes; Eye-washes; Eyepatches for medical purposes; Febrifuges; First-aid boxes, filled; Food for babies; Fungicides; Hydrogen peroxide for medical purposes; Insect repellent incense; Laxatives; Lozenges for pharmaceutical purposes; Medical preparations for slimming purposes; Medicinal hair growth preparations; Mouthwashes for medical purposes; Nutritional supplements; Personal sexual lubricants; Pesticides; Petroleum jelly for medical purposes; Pharmaceutical preparations; Pharmaceutical preparations for skin care; Pharmaceutical preparations for treating dandruff; Poisons; Preparations for destroying dry rot fungus; Preparations for destroying mice; Preparations for reducing sexual activity; Preparations for the treatment of burns; Preparations to facilitate teething; Protein dietary supplements; Rat poison; Remedies for perspiration; Sedatives; Slimming pills; Slug exterminating preparations; Surgical dressings; Tanning pills; Tissues impregnated with pharmaceutical lotions; Tobacco-free cigarettes for medical purposes; feminine hygiene products; panty liners; tampons; maternity towels; pants for feminine hygiene; sanitary briefs; incontinence pads; incontinence pants; nappies; disposable nappies; disposable nappies made of cellulose; disposable nappies made of paper; nappies for incontinence; cotton wool for pharmaceutical purposes; cotton wool in the form of buds for medical use; towels impregnated with medicated or disinfectant lotions; impregnated antiseptic wipes; impregnated medicated wipes; petroleum jelly (for medical purposes); skin care creams for medical use; medicated creams; babies' creams (medicated); medicated skin creams; nappy cream (medicated); sanitising wipes; moist wipes impregnated with a pharmaceutical lotion; antiseptic wipes; medicated balms; teething gel; medicated nipple creams; disposable nappies made of paper and/or cellulose; parts and fittings for all the aforesaid goods.

Class 18:

Leather and imitations of leather, and goods made of these materials and not included in other classes; Animal skins, hides; Trunks and travelling bags; Umbrellas and parasols; Walking sticks; Whips, harness and saddlery; suitcases, bags, attache cases, haversacks, hat boxes, briefcases, belts, handbags, key cases, leather laces, music cases, wallets and purses, satchels; wheeled shopping bags; trunks; game bags; fittings for animals, harnesses, collars, leads and muzzles; fur; articles made from fur; umbrellas; parasols; parts and fittings for all the aforesaid goods.

Class 24:

Textiles and textile goods, not included in other classes; Bed covers; Table covers; Bath linen, except clothing; Bed blankets; Bed clothes; Bed covers of paper; Bed linen; Billiard cloth; Bolting cloth; Brocades; Buckram; Bunting; Calico; Canvas for tapestry or embroidery; Cheese cloth; Chenille fabric; Cheviots [cloth]; Cloth; Coasters [table linen]; Cotton fabrics; Covers for cushions; Crepe fabric; Fabric for footwear; Fabrics for textile use; Household linen; Jersey [fabric]; Lining fabric for shoes; Linings [textile]; Loose covers for furniture; Marabouts [cloth]; Mattress covers; Napkins, of cloth, for removing make-up; Net curtains; Non-woven textile fabrics; Sanitary flannel; Serviettes of textile; Sheets [textile]; Shower curtains of textile or plastic; Shrouds; Silk [cloth]; Silk fabrics for printing patterns; Sleeping bags [sheeting]; Table linen, not of paper; Table runners; Tablecloths, not of paper; Tablemats, not of paper; Taffeta [cloth]; Textile material; Tick [linen]; Ticks [mattress covers]; Towels of textile; Traced cloth for embroidery; Travelling rugs [lap robes]; Trellis [cloth]; Tulle; Upholstery fabrics; Velvet; Wall hangings of textile; Washing mitts; Woollen cloth; Zephyr [cloth]; textiles for making clothing; duvets; duvet covers; pillow covers; bath linen; bed canopies; curtains; blankets; bed blankets made of cotton; bed blankets made of wool; bed blankets made of man-made fibres; blankets for babies; cot blankets; lap blankets; children's blankets; travel blankets; towel blankets; hooded towels; hooded towels for babies; face towels; children's towels; sleeping bags for babies; parts and fittings for all the aforesaid goods.

Class 25:

Clothing, footwear, headgear; aprons [clothing]; ascots; babies' pants [clothing]; bandanas [neckerchiefs]; bath sandals; bath slippers; bathing caps; beach clothes; beach shoes; belts [clothing]; money belts [clothing]; berets; bibs, not of paper; boas [necklets]; bodices [lingerie]; boot uppers; boots; ski boots; brassieres; breeches for

wear; camisoles; caps [headwear]; shower caps; chasubles; clothing; clothing for gymnastics; coats; collar protectors; collars [clothing]; combinations [clothing]; corselets; corsets [underclothing]; masquerade costumes; wristbands [clothing]; cyclists' clothing; detachable collars; dresses; ear muffs [clothing]; esparto shoes or sandals; football boots; studs for football boots; footmuffs, not electrically heated; non-slipping devices for footwear; footwear; tips for footwear; fittings of metal for footwear; heelpieces for footwear; welts for footwear; hat frames [skeletons]; furs [clothing]; gabardines [clothing]; garters; girdles; gloves [clothing]; dressing gowns; gymnastic shoes; half-boots; hats; paper hats [clothing]; headbands [clothing]; headgear for wear; heelpieces for stockings / heel pieces for stockings; heels; hoods [clothing]; hosiery; inner soles; stuff jackets [clothing]; jackets [clothing]; jerseys [clothing]; jumper dresses; knitwear [clothing]; lace boots; layettes [clothing]; clothing of imitations of leather; clothing of leather; leggings [leg warmers]; leg warmers; leggings [trousers]; ready-made linings [parts of clothing]; liveries; maniple; mantillas; sleep masks; mittens; motorists' clothing; muffs [clothing]; neckties; outerclothing; overalls; overcoats; pants [clothing]; paper clothing; parkas; cap peaks; pelerines; pelisses; petticoats; pocket squares; pockets for clothing; ponchos; pullovers; pyjamas; ready-made clothing; bath robes; sandals; saris; sarongs; sashes for wear; scarfs; shawls; dress shields; shirt fronts; shirts; shoes; short-sleeve shirts; sports jerseys; ski gloves; skirts; skull caps; slippers; slips [undergarments]; sock suspenders; socks; soles for footwear; gaiters; sports shoes; boots for sports; stocking suspenders; stockings; sweat-absorbent stockings; fur stoles; suits; swimsuits; suspenders for clothing [suspenders]; sweat-absorbent underclothing [underwear]; sweaters; tee-shirts; tights; togas; top hats; trouser straps; trousers; bathing trunks; turbans; underpants; underwear; uniforms; footwear uppers; veils [clothing]; fishing vests; visors [headwear]; waistcoats / vests; waterproof clothing; wet suits for water-skiing; wimples; wooden shoes; shirt yokes; baby grows; cloth bibs; dressing gowns; onesies; sleepsuits; bodysuits; rompers; pramsuits; mittens for babies; mittens for infants; hats for babies; hats for infants; booties; earmuffs; socks; blouses; anoraks; windbreakers; hats; braces; sportswear, footwear for sports; clothing for motorsports; overalls for motorsport; parts and fittings for all the aforesaid.

Class 29:

Meat, fish, poultry and game; Meat extracts; Preserved, frozen, dried and cooked fruits and vegetables; Jellies, jams, compotes; Eggs; Milk and milk products; Edible oils and fats; Ajvar [preserved peppers]; Albumen for culinary purposes; Albumin milk; Alginates for culinary purposes; Almonds, ground; Aloe vera prepared for human consumption; Anchovy; Animal marrow for food; Apple purée; Bacon; Beans, preserved; Black pudding; Bone oil, edible; Broth; Broth concentrates; Butter; Buttercream; Caviar; Charcuterie; Cheese; Clams [not live]; Cocoa butter; Coconut butter; Coconut, desiccated; Coconut fat; Coconut oil; Compotes; Condensed milk; Corn oil; Cranberry sauce [compote]; Crayfish, not live; Cream [dairy products]; Croquettes; Crustaceans, not live; Curd; Dates; Edible birds' nests; Edible fats; Edible oils; Fat-containing mixtures for bread slices; Fatty substances for the manufacture of edible fats; Fish fillets; Fish meal for human consumption; Fish mousses; Fish, not live; Fish, preserved; Fish, tinned [canned (Am.)]; Foods prepared from fish; Frosted fruits; Frozen fruits; Fruit-based snack food; Fruit chips; Fruit jellies; Fruit peel; Fruit, preserved; Fruit preserved in alcohol; Fruit pulp; Fruit salads; Fruit, stewed; Fruits, tinned [canned (Am.)]; Game, not live; Gelatine; Gherkins; Ginger jam; Ham; Herrings; Hummus [chickpea paste]; Isinglass for food; Jams; Jellies for food; Kefir [milk beverage]; Kimchi [fermented vegetable dish]; Kumys [kumyss] [milk beverage]; Lard for food; Lecithin for culinary purposes; Lentils, preserved; Linseed oil for culinary purposes; Liver; Liver pâté; Lobsters, not live; Low-fat potato chips; Margarine; Marmalade; Meat; Meat jellies; Meat, preserved; Meat, tinned [canned (Am.)]; Milk; Milk beverages, milk predominating; Milk ferments for culinary purposes; Milk products; Mushrooms, preserved; Mussels, not live; Non-alcoholic egg nog; Nuts, prepared; Olive oil for food; Olives, preserved; Onions, preserved; Oysters, not live; Palm kernel oil for food; Palm oil for food; Peanut butter; Peanuts, processed; Peas, preserved; Pectin for culinary purposes; Piccalilli; Pickles; Pollen prepared as foodstuff; Pork; Potato chips; Potato flakes; Potato fritters; Poultry, not live; Powdered eggs; Prawns, not live; Preparations for making bouillon; Preparations for making soup; Preserved garlic; Processed fish spawn; Processed seeds; Processed sunflower seeds; Prostokvasha [soured milk]; Raisins; Rape oil for food; Rennet; Ryazhenka [fermented baked milk]; Salmon; Salted fish; Salted meats; Sardines; Sauerkraut; Sausages; Sausages in batter; Sea-cucumbers, not live; Seaweed extracts for food; Sesame oil; Shellfish, not live;

Shrimps, not live; Silkworm chrysalis, for human consumption; Smetana [sour cream]; Snail eggs for consumption; Soups; Soya beans, preserved, for food; Soya milk [milk substitute]; Spiny lobsters, not live; Suet for food; Sunflower oil for food; Tahini [sesame seed paste]; Toasted laver; Tofu; Tomato juice for cooking; Tomato purée; Tripe; Truffles, preserved; Tuna fish; Vegetable juices for cooking; Vegetable mousses; Vegetable salads; Vegetable soup preparations; Vegetables, cooked; Vegetables, dried; Vegetables, preserved; Vegetables, tinned [canned (Am.)]; Whey; Whipped cream; White of eggs; Yogurt; Yolk of eggs; preparations made of soya; soup and soup products in powder or liquid form; enriched soup and soup products in powder or liquid form; preparations for making soup in powder or liquid form; beverages made from or containing milk; preparations for making milk based beverages; mixed milk beverages (milk predominating); milk shakes; milk powder for foodstuffs; milk powder for nutritional purposes; dried foodstuffs; foods made from milk products; food preparations with added minerals; food preparations with added proteins; food preparations with added vitamins; food supplement preparations in liquid form; food supplement preparations in powdered form; preparations for food for human consumption; preparations for use as dietetic additives for food for human consumption; preparations with a milk base consisting of foodstuffs; prepared food mixes; vitamin enriched foodstuffs; desserts of yogurt; drinking yogurts; jellies; fruit jellies; energy drinks made predominantly from milk; flavoured milk beverages; flavoured milk powder for making drinks.

Class 30:

Coffee, tea, cocoa and artificial coffee; Rice; Tapioca and sago; Flour and preparations made from cereals; Bread, pastry and confectionery; Ices; Sugar, honey, treacle; Yeast, baking-powder; Salt; Mustard; Vinegar, sauces (condiments); Spices; Ice; Allspice; Almond confectionery; Almond paste; Aniseed; Aromatic preparations for food; Artificial coffee; Baking powder; Baking soda [bicarbonate of soda for cooking purposes]; Barley meal; Bean meal; Bee glue; Beer vinegar; Binding agents for ice cream; Bread; Bread rolls; Breadcrumbs; Buns; Cake frosting [icing]; Cake powder; Candy; Capers; Caramels [candy]; Celery salt; Cereal bars; Cereal-based snack food; Cereal preparations; Cheeseburgers [sandwiches]; Chewing gum; Chicory [coffee substitute]; Chips [cereal products]; Chocolate-based beverages; Chocolate beverages with milk; Chocolate mousses; Chow-chow

[condiment]; Chutneys [condiments]; Cinnamon [spice]; Cloves [spice]; Cocoa; Cocoa-based beverages; Cocoa beverages with milk; Coffee; Coffee-based beverages; Coffee beverages with milk; Coffee flavorings [flavourings]; Condiments; Confectionery for decorating Christmas trees; Cookies; Cooking salt; Corn flakes; Corn meal; Corn, milled; Corn, roasted; Couscous [semolina]; Crackers; Cream of tartar for culinary purposes; Crushed barley; Crushed oats; Curry [spice]; Custard; Dessert mousses [confectionery]; Dough; Dressings for salad; Edible ices; Essences for foodstuffs, except etheric essences and essential oils; Farinaceous foods; Ferments for pastes; Flavorings, other than essential oils; Flavorings, other than essential oils, for cakes; Flavorings, other than essential oils, for beverages; Flour-milling products; Fondants [confectionery]; Frozen yogurt [confectionery ices]; Fruit coulis [sauces]; Fruit jellies [confectionery]; Garden herbs, preserved [seasonings]; Ginger [spice]; Gingerbread; Glucose for culinary purposes; Gluten additives for culinary purposes; Gluten prepared as foodstuff; Golden syrup; Groats for human food; Gruel, with a milk base, for food; Halvah; Ham glaze; High-protein cereal bars; Hominy; Hominy grits; Honey; Husked barley; Husked oats; Ice cream; Ice for refreshment; Ice, natural or artificial; Iced tea; Infusions, not medicinal; Ketchup [sauce]; Leaven; Linseed for human consumption; Liquorice [confectionery]; Lozenges [confectionery]; Macaroni; Macaroons [pastry]; Malt biscuits; Malt extract for food; Malt for human consumption; Maltose; Marinades; Marzipan; Mayonnaise; Meal; Meat gravies; Meat pies; Meat tenderizers, for household purposes; Mint for confectionery; Molasses for food; Muesli; Mustard meal; Natural sweeteners; Noodle-based prepared meals; Noodles; Nutmegs; Oat-based food; Oat flakes; Oatmeal; Palm sugar; Pancakes; Pasta; Pasta sauce; Pasties; Pastry; Peanut confectionery; Pepper; Peppermint sweets; Peppers [seasonings]; Pesto [sauce]; Petit-beurre biscuits; Petits fours [cakes]; Pies; Pizzas; Popcorn; Potato flour for food; Powders for ice cream; Pralines; Preparations for stiffening whipped cream; Puddings; Quiches; Ravioli; Relish [condiment]; -based snack food; Rice cakes; Royal jelly; Rusks; Saffron [seasoning]; Sago; Salt for preserving foodstuffs; Sandwiches; Sauces [condiments]; Sausage binding materials; Sea water for cooking; Seasonings; Seaweed [condiment]; Semolina; Sorbets [ices]; Soya bean paste [condiment]; Soya flour; Soya sauce; Spaghetti; Spring rolls; Star aniseed; Starch for food; Stick liquorice [confectionery]; Sugar;

Sushi; Sweetmeats [candy]; Tabbouleh; Tacos; Tapioca; Tapioca flour for food; Tarts; Tea; Tea-based beverages; Thickening agents for cooking foodstuffs; Tomato sauce; Tortillas; Turmeric for food; Unleavened bread; Unroasted coffee; Vanilla [flavoring] [flavouring]; Vanillin [vanilla substitute]; Vegetal preparations for use as coffee substitutes; Vermicelli [noodles]; Vinegar; Waffles; Wheat flour; Wheat germ for human consumption; Yeast; confectionery; non-medicated confectionery; frozen confectionery; sugar confectionery; chocolate; chocolate confections; confectionery in frozen form; confectionery bars; lozenges; pastilles; sweets; ice lollies; chocolates; biscuits; cakes; pastries; wafers; snack foods; ice cream and ice cream products, chilled and frozen confections and desserts; chewing gum.

Class 31:

Grains and agricultural, horticultural and forestry products not included in other classes; Live animals; Fresh fruits and vegetables; Seeds; Natural plants and flowers; Foodstuffs for animals; Malt; Barley; Beans, fresh; Beet; Berries, fresh fruits; Beverages for pets; Bird food; Bran; Bran mash for animal consumption; Bred stock; Bulbs; Bushes; Cereal seeds, unprocessed; Chestnuts, fresh; Chicory roots; Chicory [salad]; Christmas trees; Citrus fruit; Cocoa beans, raw; Coconut shell; Coconuts; Crayfish, live; Crustaceans, live; Cucumbers, fresh; Dog biscuits; Fishing bait, live; Flowers, natural; Fruit, fresh; Garden herbs, fresh; Grains [cereals]; Grapes, fresh; Leeks, fresh; Lemons, fresh; Lentils, fresh; Lettuce, fresh; Maize; Malt for brewing and distilling; Mushrooms, fresh; Mussels, live; Oats; Oil cake; Olives, fresh; Onions, fresh vegetables; Oranges; Plant seeds; Plants; Plants, dried, for decoration; Potatoes, fresh; Poultry, live; Rhubarb; Rice, unprocessed; Seedlings; Sesame; Shellfish, live; Spinach, fresh; Sugarcane; Wheat; Wheat germ for animal consumption; Wood chips for the manufacture of wood pulp; Wreaths of natural flowers.

Class 33:

Alcoholic beverages (except beers, wines, sparkling wines, Champagne); Alcoholic beverages containing fruit (except wines, sparkling wines, Champagne); Alcoholic beverages, except beer, wines, sparkling wines, Champagne; Alcoholic essences; Alcoholic extracts; Anise [liqueur]; Anisette [liqueur]; Aperitifs; Arak [arrack]; Bitters; Brandy; Cider; Cocktails; Curacao; Digesters [liqueurs and spirits]; Distilled beverages; Fruit extracts, alcoholic; Gin; Hydromel [mead]; Kirsch; Liqueurs; Nira

[sugarcane-based alcoholic beverage]; Peppermint liqueurs; Perry; Pre-mixed alcoholic beverages, other than beer-based, wine-based, sparkling wine-based, Champagne-based; Rice alcohol; Rum; Sake; Spirits [beverages]; Vodka; Whisky; alcoholic energy drinks; alcoholic punches; blended whisky; bourbon whisky; calvados; carbonated alcoholic beverage; cream liqueurs; distilled beverages and spirits; flavoured spirits; grappa; liqueurs containing cream; low alcoholic drinks (except wines, sparkling wines, Champagne); malt whisky; rum punch; schnapps; tequila; vermouth; all of the aforementioned goods excluding wine, sparkling wine, Champagne wine, wine-based or wine-flavoured beverages, sparkling wine-based or wine-flavoured beverages, Champagne-based or Champagne-flavoured beverages, beverages containing wine, sparkling wine or Champagne, and sparkling liqueurs and spirits.

Class 35:

Advertising; Business management; Business administration; Office functions; Advisory services for business management; Arranging newspaper subscriptions for others; Arranging subscriptions to telecommunication services for others; Business information; Office machines and equipment rental; On-line advertising on a computer network; Photocopying services; Public relations; Rental of vending machines; Sales promotion for others; Shop window dressing; retail and online services in connection with the sale of bleaching preparations and other substances for laundry use, cleaning, polishing, scouring and abrasive preparations, soaps, perfumery, essential oils, cosmetics, hair lotions, dentifrices, abrasive cloth, preparations for the hair and for the care of the skin (nonmedicated), toiletries for babies and infants (non-medicated), non-medicated creams for the revention and treatment of nappy rash, petroleum jelly (for cosmetic purposes), preimpregnated wipes and towels with personal cleansing and/or cosmetic lotions, preimpregnated wipes and towels for the treatment and prevention of nappy rash, preimpregnated wipes and towels for hygienic purposes (personal use), hygienic wipes and towels for cleaning purposes (household use), skin creams, skin balms, body lotions, body oils, body butters, baby lotion, baby oil, nipple creams and balms, lotions, creams and gels for treatment of stretch marks, moisturising gels, soaps, bar soaps, liquid soaps, shampoo, hair conditioner, all in one bath and hair cleansers, bath and shower gels and foams, talcum powder, liquid talc, baby massage oil, sunscreen,

sun protection oils, lotions, creams and gels, after-sun oils, lotions, creams and gels, toothpaste, mouthwash, cosmetic products, lip balms, cotton sticks, cotton wool, medicated soaps, medicated shampoo, medicated hair conditioner, pharmaceutical and veterinary preparations, sanitary preparations for medical purposes, dietetic food and substances adapted for medical or veterinary use, food for babies, dietary supplements for humans and animals, plasters, materials for dressings, material for stopping teeth, dental wax, disinfectants, preparations for destroying vermin, fungicides, herbicides, feminine hygiene products, panty liners, sanitary towels, tampons, maternity towels, pants for feminine hygiene, sanitary briefs, incontinence pads, incontinence pants, nappies, disposable nappies, disposable nappies made of cellulose, disposable nappies made of paper, nappies for incontinents, cotton wool for pharmaceutical purposes, cotton wool in the form of buds for medical use, towels impregnated with medicated or disinfectant lotions, impregnated antiseptic wipes, impregnated medicated wipes, petroleum jelly (for medical purposes), skin care creams for medical use, medicated creams, babies' creams (medicated), medicated skin creams, nappy cream (medicated), sanitising wipes, moist wipes impregnated with a pharmaceutical lotion, antiseptic wipes, baby wipes, medicated balms, teething gel, medicated nipple creams, hand tools and implements (handoperated), cutlery, side arms, razors, nail clippers, cutlery for use with babies, children and infants, forks, knives, spoons, cases for cutlery, disposable tableware (cutlery) made of plastics, soft-tip spoons for use with babies, infants and children, scientific, nautical, surveying, photographic, cinematographic, optical, weighing, measuring, signalling, checking (supervision), life-saving and teaching apparatus and instruments, apparatus and instruments for conducting, switching, transforming, accumulating, regulating or controlling electricity, apparatus for recording, transmission or reproduction of sound or images, magnetic data carriers, recording discs, compact discs, DVDs and other digital recording media, mechanisms for coin-operated apparatus, cash registers, calculating machines, data processing equipment, computers, computer and application software, fire extinguishing apparatus, recorded media including computer software, educational software, educational programmes, films, films bearing recorded educational material, DVDs, CD-ROMS, children's educational software, downloadable publications, downloadable electronic publications, baby monitors, thermometers, safety caps,

safety covers for electrical equipment and apparatus, safety alarms, children's safety gates, eyewear, protective eyewear, visors and hats, sunglasses, buoyancy aids, inflatable armbands, surgical, medical, dental and veterinary apparatus and instruments, artificial limbs, eyes and teeth, Orthopaedic articles, suture materials, feeding bottles, feeding bottle teats, teats for babies, infants and children, re-usable and disposable teats for bottles and drinking cups for babies, infants and children, spoons for administering medicine, incubators for babies, gloves for medical purposes, maternity belts, medical physical exercise apparatus, incontinence sheets for babies, infants and children and adults, birthing mats, plastic and/or paper bags and wraps for disposal of hospital waste, disposable bags and precursors therefor for hospital waste, surgical and medical sponges, medical thermometers (electrical, and/or non-electrical, and/or digital), teething rings, teethingers and teething rattles, pacifiers, baby soothers, nursing appliances for use in breast feeding, breast shields, breast shells, nipple shields, nipple protectors, medicine syringes, medicine dispensers, and nasal aspirators, apparatus for lighting, heating, cooking, refrigerating, drying, ventilating, water supply and sanitary purposes, steam generation devices, apparatus and equipment, cookers and cooking appliances, stoves, cooker guards, ionisation, purifying and deodorising apparatus and machines, vaporisers, disinfectant distributors and dispensers for sanitary purposes, heaters for feeding bottles and heating plates, baby food heaters, solar collectors and thermoelectric heating and cooling devices, hot water bottles, foot warmers, cooling appliances and devices and installations, beverage and liquid cooling apparatus and devices, baths, shower baths, bath fittings, toilet seats and portable sanitary installations, sanitary apparatus and installations, toilet seat adaptors and toilet seat adaptors for children, steriliser and sterilisation apparatus and equipment, sterilisers for babies' feeding bottles, disposable sterilisation pouches, electric kettles, steam sterilisation devices, UV sterilisation devices, ravel sterilising devices for babies' bottles and feeding equipment, water sterilizers, water purification installations, disinfecting apparatus, lights for babies, infants and children, car seats, pushchairs, prams, strollers, wheeled trolleys, transporters and buggies, baby walkers, perambulators incorporating carry cots, rain covers for pushchairs, prams, strollers, transporters and buggies, harnesses for prams, harnesses for use with pushchairs, tricycles, bicycles, booster seats, vehicle safety apparatus for children,

paper, cardboard and goods made from these materials, printed matter, bookbinding material, photographs, stationery, adhesives for stationery or household purposes, artists' materials, paint brushes, typewriters and office requisites (except furniture), instructional and teaching material (except apparatus), plastic materials for packaging printers' type, printing blocks, paper, cardboard and goods made from these materials, not included in other classes, printed matter, bookbinding material, photographs, stationery, adhesives for stationery or household purposes, paper products for household and sanitary use, such as kitchen and bath towels, kitchen rolls, napkins, handkerchiefs, toilet paper, paper wipes, paper towels, printed matter, including printed publications, magazines, brochures, leaflets, coupons and vouchers postcards, stationery, disposable nappies made of paper and/or cellulose, books for babies, infants and children, printed guides, printed guides relating to parenting and new born babies, packs containing printed matter relating to new born babies and parenting advice, leaflets, leaflets relating to new born babies and parenting advice, activity books, colouring books, books for babies, infants and children, sticker books, stickers, photograph albums, calendars, diaries, diaries relating to babies' progress, planners (printed) relating to babies and infants, birthing diaries (printed matter), birthing planners (printed matter), bags made of leather, bags made of imitation leather, nappy and changing bags, harnesses for babies, baby carriers, baby carriers worn on the body, infant carriers worn on the body, chairs, tables, mats for infant playpens, toy chests, decorative mobiles, pillows, desks, bedroom furniture, non-metal key rings, hand-held mirrors, wind chimes, high chairs, high chairs for babies, babies' cradles, children's cradles, bouncing cradles, cots, cots for use by children and infants, cribs, nursery cots, safety cots, travel cots, bedding for cots (other than bed linen), sleeping bags, sleeping bags for babies, expandable safety gates for door openings, expandable safety gates for stairs, support pillows for use in baby car safety seats, baby changing mats, brushes and combs (not included in other classes), cups, bowls, plates, tea sets, lunchboxes, plastic cups, plastic bowls, plastic plates, beakers, sippers, snack-pods, snack-pots, food-pots, egg-cups, thermally insulated containers for food, thermally insulated flasks, thermally insulated containers for drink, basins (bowels), dishes for microwave ovens, baby baths, portable baby baths for babies and infants, blenders for food preparation (non electric), bath seats for babies, potties and toilet potties,

toilet seat trainers, brushes for cleaning bottles, textile gloves for cleaning, toothbrushes, toothbrush holders, hair brushes, nail brushes, wash bags, textiles for making clothing, duvets, table cloths, bed covers, duvet covers, pillow covers, bath linen, bed canopies, curtains, blankets, bed blankets made of cotton, bed blankets made of wool, bed blankets made of man-made fibres, blankets for babies, cot blankets, lap blankets, children's blankets, travel blankets, towel blankets, hooded towels, hooded towels for babies, face towels, children's towels, sleeping bags, sleeping bags for babies, clothing, footwear, headgear, baby grows, cloth bibs, dressing gowns, onesies, sleepsuits, bodysuits, rompers, pramsuits, mittens for babies, mittens for infants, hats for babies, hats for infants, booties, earmuffs, socks, play mats, exercise mats, yoga mats, games and playthings, gymnastic and sporting articles not included in other classes, children's toys, stuffed toy animals, soft toys, balloons, toy bakeware and cookware, bath toys, bean bags, snow globes, music box toys, dolls, porcelain dolls, bean bag dolls, paper dolls, puppets, collectible toy figures, doll houses, doll furniture, accessories for dolls, clothing for dolls, dolls for playing, educational playthings, parts and fittings for all the aforesaid goods; the bringing together, for the benefit of others, of a variety of clothing, footwear, headgear, fashion accessories, jewellery, horological goods, chronometric goods, paper goods, printed matter, luggage, bags, travel goods, goods for carrying and transporting babies, infants and children, furniture, furnishings, textiles, carpets, rug, games, toys, games, playthings, sporting articles, non-alcoholic beverages, alcoholic beverages, clothing for humans, footwear, headgear, Animal skins, hides, Trunks and travelling bags, Umbrellas and parasols, Walking sticks, Whips, harness and saddlery, suitcases, bags, attache cases, haversacks, rucksacks, hat boxes, briefcases, belts, handbags, key cases, leather laces, music cases, wallets and purses, satchels, wheeled shopping bags, trunks, game bags, fittings for animals, clothing for animals, harnesses, collars, leads and muzzles, fur, articles made from fur, umbrellas, parasols, parts and fittings for all the aforesaid goods, luggage, bags, travel goods, goods for carrying and transporting babies, infants and children, furniture, furnishings, textiles, carpets, rug, games, toys, games, playthings, sporting articles, foods and drink or for making goods for human consumption, non alcoholic beverages, Alcoholic beverages (except beers, wines, sparkling wines, Champagne), Alcoholic beverages containing fruit, (except wines, sparkling wines,

Champagne), Alcoholic beverages, except beer, wines, sparkling wines, Champagne; Alcoholic essences, Alcoholic extracts, Anise [liqueur], Anisette [liqueur] Aperitifs, Arak [arrack], Bitters, Brandy, Cider, Cocktails, Curacao, Digesters [liqueurs and spirits], Distilled beverages, Fruit extracts, alcoholic, Gin, Hydromel [mead], Kirsch, Liqueurs, Nira [sugarcane-based alcoholic beverage], Peppermint liqueurs, Perry, Pre-mixed alcoholic beverages, other than beer-based, wine-based, sparkling wine-based, Champagne-based, Rice alcohol, Rum, Sake, Spirits [beverages], Vodka, Whisky, alcoholic energy drinks, alcoholic punches, blended whisky, bourbon whisky, calvados, carbonated alcoholic beverage, cream liqueurs, distilled beverages and spirits, flavoured spirits, grappa, liqueurs containing cream, low alcoholic drinks (except wines, sparkling wines, Champagne), malt whisky, rum punch, schnapps, tequila, vermouth, Beers, Mineral and aerated waters and other non-alcoholic beverages, Fruit beverages and fruit juices, Syrups and other preparations for making beverages, Syrups for lemonade, Table waters, Tomato juice [beverage], Vegetable juices [beverages], Waters [beverages], Whey beverages, beverages containing added minerals, beverages containing added trace elements, beverages enriched with added minerals, beverages enriched with added trace elements, beverages enriched with added vitamins, cold tea, fruit drinks and fruit juices, energy drinks, energy drinks containing caffeine, hypertonic and hypotonic drinks (for use and/or as required by athletes), non-alcoholic malt beverages, effervescent (sherbet) tablets and effervescent powders for drinks and non-alcoholic cocktails, smoothies (non-alcoholic fruit beverages), beverages containing vitamins, preparations for making beverages, malt syrup for beverages, malt wort, non-alcoholic malt free beverages, malt beer, Ale, lager, stout, porter, shandy, non-alcoholic beverages, cordials, squash, minerals, aerated waters, fruit drinks, fruit juices, slush drinks and syrups, carbonated non-alcoholic drinks, Meat, fish, poultry and game, meat extracts, preserved, dried and cooked fruits and vegetables, jellies, jams, compotes, eggs, milk and milk products, edible oils and fats, prepared meals, soups and potato crisps, Coffee, tea, cocoa, sugar, rice, tapioca, sago, artificial coffee, flour and preparations made from cereals, bread, pastry and confectionery, ices, honey, treacle, yeast, baking-powder, salt, mustard, vinegar, sauces (condiments), spices, ice, sandwiches, prepared meals, pizzas, pies and pasta dishes, Bleaching preparations and other substances for laundry

use, cleaning, polishing, scouring and abrasive preparations, soaps, perfumery, essential oils, cosmetics, hair lotions, dentifrices, Pharmaceutical and veterinary preparations, sanitary preparations for medical purposes, dietetic food and substances adapted for medical or veterinary use, food for babies, dietary supplements for humans and animals, plasters, materials for dressings, material for stopping teeth, dental wax, disinfectants, preparations for destroying vermin, fungicides, herbicides, toiletries, cosmetics, baby feeding apparatus and instruments, feminine hygiene products, lighting apparatus and instruments, heating apparatus and instruments, cooking apparatus and instruments, refrigerating apparatus and instruments, kitchenware, hand tools, cutlery, photographic equipment, Household or kitchen utensils and containers, jugs, bottles, mugs, cups, plates, ornaments, brushes, brush-making materials, articles made of ceramics, glass, china, pottery, porcelain or earthenware, gardening equipment, enabling customers to conveniently view and purchase those goods from a supermarket or hypermarket or mini-market or from a general merchandise catalogue by mail order, or by means of telecommunications or from a general merchandise, Internet website; provision of information to customers and advice or assistance in the selection of goods brought together; advertising and promotional services; dissemination of advertising and promotional materials; direct mail advertising services; market research and marketing services; distribution of samples; shop window dressing; accounting; commercial administration of the licensing of the goods and services of others; commercial information and advice for consumers (consumer advice shop); employment agencies; telephone answering for unavailable subscribers; payroll preparation; price comparison services; presentation of goods on communication media, for retail purposes; rental of advertising space; rental of photocopy and vending machines; management of a retail store and or supermarket; cost price analysis; organisation, operation and supervision of loyalty schemes and incentive schemes; sales incentive schemes; on-line administration and supervision of a discount, special offer and gift voucher scheme; operation of incentive and loyalty schemes; organisation, operation and supervision of loyalty and incentive schemes via the internet and mobile devices; information, advisory and consultancy services relating to the aforesaid; none of the aforesaid services relating to wine, sparkling wine, Champagne wine, wine-based

or wine-flavoured beverages, sparkling wine-based or sparkling wine-flavoured beverages, Champagne-based or Champagne-flavoured beverages, beverages containing wine, sparkling wine or Champagne and sparkling liquors and spirits.

Class 43:

Services for providing food and drink; Temporary accommodation; Accommodation bureaux [hotels, boarding houses]; Bar services; Boarding for animals; Boarding house bookings; Boarding houses; Cafés; Cafeterias; Canteens; Day-nurseries [crèches]; Food and drink catering; Holiday camp services [lodging]; Hotel reservations; Hotels; Motels; Providing campground facilities; Rental of chairs, tables, table linen, glassware; Rental of cooking apparatus; Rental of drinking water dispensers; Rental of lighting apparatus other than for theatrical sets or television studios; Rental of meeting rooms; Rental of temporary accommodation; Rental of tents; Rental of transportable buildings; Restaurants; Retirement homes; Self-service restaurants; Snack-bars; Temporary accommodation reservations; Tourist homes; wine bars; brasserie services; café services; catering (food and drink); delicatessens [restaurants]; fast food services; food preparation services; rental of chairs, tables, table linen, glassware, cooking apparatus, meeting rooms, temporary accommodation; hotels; snack-bars; tea room services; cafe, cafeteria and restaurant services; provision of creche facilities; hotel reservations; information and advisory services relating to the aforesaid services.

Class 44:

Medical services; veterinary services; hygienic and beauty care for human beings or animals; agriculture, horticulture and forestry services; dentistry services; medical analysis for the diagnosis and treatment of persons; pharmacy advice; garden design services.